Numb. 9711.

The London Gazette.

published by Authority.

From Saturday Auguſt 6, to Tueſday Auguſt 9, 1757.

AT the Court at *Kenſington*, the 9th Day of *Auguſt*, 1757,

PRESENT,

The KING's moſt Excellent Majeſty in Council.

HIS Majeſty in Council was this Day pleaſed to Order, That the Parliament, which ſtands prorogued to Thurſday the Eleventh of this Inſtant Auguſt, ſhould be further prorogued to Thurſday the Twenty-ſecond Day of September next.

WHEREAS the Time limited by His Majeſty's Order in Council, of the Eighth of July laſt, For paying the reſpective Bounties therein mentioned, to all Able and Ordinary Seamen, and alſo to all Able-bodied Landmen, who ſhould voluntarily enter themſelves in His Majeſty's Royal Navy; and likewiſe for paying the Rewards to Perſons diſcovering Seamen who ſhould conceal themſelves, is near expiring: And whereas it is judged expedient for His Majeſty's Service, That the Bounties and Rewards thereby given, ſhould be continued to be paid for ſome Time longer; His Majeſty doth therefore, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, hereby Order, That the Bounties of Three Pounds for every Able Seaman, and of Thirty Shillings for every Ordinary Seaman, not above the Age of Fifty, nor under the Age of Twenty Years; and of Thirty Shillings for every Able-bodied Landman, not above the Age of Thirty-five, nor under the Age of Twenty Years, be continued to be paid to ſuch Seamen and Landmen reſpectively, who ſhall, on or before the Twenty Third Day of September next, enter themſelves in the Royal Navy, in the Manner directed by His Majeſty's Proclamation of the Fourth Day of January laſt: And likewiſe, That the Rewards of Two Pounds for every Able, and Twenty Shillings for every Ordinary Seaman, be continued to be paid to any Perſons who ſhall, on or before the ſaid Twenty Third Day of September next, diſcover any Seaman or Seamen who ſhall conceal themſelves, ſo as ſuch Seaman or Seamen be taken for His Majeſty's Service. Whereof all Perſons concerned are to take Notice, and govern themſelves accordingly.

W. Sharpe.

Turin, July 13. M. Chauvelin, the French Ambaſſador, left Turin this Morning, in order to meet the Duke of Modena at Milan, to conclude a Treaty of Marriage, now on Foot, between the Princeſs Fortunata, ſecond Daughter to the Duke, and the Comte de la Marche, the Prince of Conti's Son. His Britannick Majeſty's Ship the Hampton-Court, the Hon. Capt. Auguſtus Hervey, brought three Prizes into Nice the 29th of June, from whence he ſet Sail again the 3d of this Month.

Turin, July 20. The Prince of Piemont, with the two young Princeſſes his Siſters, went this Day to the Palace of Montcalier for a Change of Air, as the Heats at Turin are ſo great, and their Royal Highneſſes ſuffer ſo much by the Sultrineſs of this Weather.

Bruſſels, Auguſt 2. On Friday laſt two French Frigates, of 36 Guns each, arrived in the Road of Calais, one of which landed ſeveral Men that were wounded in an Engagement with one of His Britannick Majeſty's Ships in the Channel. According to the Advices received here from Prague of the 24th paſt, the Auſtrians had formed the Siege of Zittau, in which there was a Garriſon of 4000 Pruſſians.

Bruſſels, Auguſt 5. On Tueſday laſt, the Hanover Packet, bound from Dover to Oſtend, with the Mail of Friday the 29th of July, was ſent into this laſt Place as a Prize, having been taken on Sunday by two French Frigates of 40 and 32 Guns, called Le Chauvelin and Le Marechal de Belle Iſle. The Mail was thrown overboard, and none of the Engliſh Crew were with the Packet-Boat when ſhe arrived at Oſtend. The ſame Frigates afterwards engaged one of

[Price Three-Pence.]

of his Britannick Majeſty's 20 Gun Ships, and 2 Sloops, that were in the Road of Oſtend, but, as we are informed, without any Succeſs, notwithſtanding their great Superiority, the French Frigates having got into Fluſhing, while his Britannick Majeſty's Ships bore away towards the Downs. The Letters from the French Army in Weſtphalia mention no Particulars of their Progreſs ſince the 29th paſt; but it is poſitively aſſerted from all Parts, that Marechal d'Etrees is recalled, and that the Duc de Richelieu is appointed to command that Army in his Stead, and is to be ſucceeded by the Prince de Soubize, in the Command of the Army aſſembling in Alſace. We learn from the Auſtrian Army in Bohemia, that Zittau was taken on the 23d of laſt Month. It is ſaid that Town was reduced to Aſhes, but that the Pruſſian Garriſon found Means to make their Eſcape.

Admiralty Office, Auguſt 9.

Captain Thomas Taylor, of His Majeſty's Ship the Seahorſe, gives an Account, That on the 1ſt Inſtant, being at Anchor in Oſtend Road, in Company with His Majeſty's Sloops Raven and Bonetta, upon ſeeing four Sail ſtanding in from the N. E. two of them large Ships, and the other ſmall Veſſels, he made Signal to get under Weigh; and acquainting the Captains of the Raven and Bonetta, that they were two French Frigats, and that he ſhould begin to engage them immediately, he bore down cloſe within Piſtol Shot, and at Half paſt Twelve began to engage the Weathermoſt Ship, which ſhe returned, and bore down to the Leewardmoſt, which had Jury Topmaſts, and both engaged him for ſome Time, when the Raven and Bonetta came up and engaged. At three Quarters paſt Three the two French Ships bore away to the Leeward, and the Seahorſe's Maſts, Yards, ſtanding and running Rigging were ſo much ſhatter'd, that he could not command the Ship, nor follow them, but was obliged to lay too to get her fitted. He carried away the diſabled Ship's Foremaſt. They were two Ships of 40 Guns each, from Breſt, and carried ſomething more than 12 Pounders. The Seahorſe had two Men killed and ſeventeen wounded, eight of which ſuppoſed to be mortal. Captain Taylor, and Captain Bover of the Raven, were wounded: The Bonetta could not lay alongſide the French Ships, as ſhe had received a Shot in her Bow, which drove a Plank in. After the Engagement the French Ships bore away for the Darlow Channel, and came to an Anchor upon the Flatts.

The next Morning the Bonetta, being to Windward, retook a Snow, which had been taken the Sunday before, about four Leagues off Loeſtoff, by a Snow Privateer of eight Carriage Guns, belonging to Calais.

Capt. John Campbell, of His Majeſty's Ship the Eſſex, arrived at Plymouth, gives an Account, That on 2d Inſtant he fell in with and took a French Privateer, about three Leagues Weſt of Scilly, called the Comte St. Florentine of St. Malo's, of 18 Guns and 110 Men, and has brought her into Plymouth.

Navy Office, July 15, 1757.

Whereas an Hoſpital is intended to be built near Plymouth, for the Reception of Sick Men belonging to His Majeſty's Fleet, the principal Officers and Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Navy give Notice, that on Wedneſday the 10th of next Month, at Eleven o'Clock in the Morning preciſely, they will be ready to treat with ſuch Perſons as may be willing to undertake the ſeveral Works of the ſaid Building, who are deſired to attend at the ſame Time with their Propoſals in Writing; and for their further Information, Plans and Elevations of the ſaid intended Building, with a Draught of the Contract and principal Dimenſions, may be ſeen in the Office of the Clerk of the Acts of his Majeſty's Navy, between this Time and the Day of Treaty.

Navy Office, Auguſt 2, 1757.

The Principal Officers and Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Navy give Notice, that there is in the Hands of the Treaſurer of the Navy, Money to pay off all Bills regiſtered on the Courſe of the Navy in the Month of February 1757, in order that the Proprietors of, or ſuch Perſons as are legally empowered to receive the ſaid Bills, may bring them to this Office to be aſſigned for Payment accordingly.

Victualling Office, Auguſt 2, 1757.

The Commiſſioners for Victualling His Majeſty's Navy do hereby give Notice, that there is Money in the Hands of the Treaſurer of His Majeſty's Navy, to pay Intereſt and Non-Intereſt Bills regiſtered on the Courſe of the Victualling in the Month of Frbruary 1757, in order that the Proprietors of, or ſuch Perſons as are legally impower'd to receive the ſaid Bills, may bring them to this Office to be aſſigned for Payment.

Eaſt India Houſe, Auguſt 3, 1757.

The Court of Directors of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the Eaſt Indies do hereby give Notice, that a General Court of the ſaid Company will be held at their Houſe in Leadenhall Street, on Thurſday the 18th of this Inſtant Auguſt, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon; when the Court of Directors will inform the General Court of the Situation of the Company's Affairs in Bengal, upon the coming away of the late Advices.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Company of His Majeſty's Ship Tartar, who were actually on board her at the taking the Montroſier French Privateer, on the 17th of February 1757, that they will be paid their reſpective Shares of ſaid Privateer, on her Arrival at Plymouth from her preſent Cruize; and the Shares not then demanded, will be paid at the King's Head Tavern in Fenchurch Street, the laſt Wedneſday in every Month for three Years to come.

COLIN

COLIN Campbell, Eſq; who died at Gothenburgh in Sweden, the 9th of May 1757, much regretted by People of all Ranks in that Kingdom, having been deeply engaged in the Britiſh Stocks in or about the Year 1720, upon their ſudden Fall found himſelf ſo involved that he was forced to leave Great Britain, and after having experienced that he could not be permitted to live unmoleſted in the moſt diſtant Britiſh Colonies, he at laſt, in the Year 1730, retired to Sweden, where he was graciouſly received, and enabled, from the Fruits of his Labours, to compound and pay off, as he did from Time to Time, a good many of theſe old Claims and Debts; now although according to the Opinions of the moſt eminent Lawyers, as well Swediſh as Britiſh, the Creditors or Claimants have no Right or Pretenſion on the Eſtate which the ſaid Colin Campbell has acquired ſince, yet his Executors in Gothenburgh in Compliance with his laſt Will, do hereby give Notice to all and every Perſon and Perſons who are legally poſſeſſed of, and entitled to any of the deceaſed Colin Campbell's Bills, Bonds, or other Securities of the Years 1720, 21, 22, and 23, or any of them, or about that Time, that they ſend them without Loſs of Time, or at fartheſt before the Expiration of twenty Months from the Death of the ſaid Teſtator, (which is the abſolute Time limited for their giving in their Claims) to ſome Perſon or Perſons in Gothenburgh, together with ample and regular Powers of Attorney to receive and give full Acquittances for ſuch Dividends as the Taſtator's reſiduary Eſtate will extend to pay, after ſuch Deductions are made as his ſaid laſt Will does direct, to the End that theſe Obligations and Documents may be timely communicated to the Executors, and by them duely examined and proved before the Term of two Years be expired from the Day of the Teſtator's Death, which is the Time by him limited for paying the ſaid Dividends.

Advertiſements.

TO be ſold, purſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Thomas Bennett, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Houſe in Curſitor's-ſtreet, London, Several Premiſſes, Part of the Eſtate of John Fowle, late of Dymchurch in Romney Marſh, in the County of Kent, Gentleman, deceaſed, lying in Lydd, and in the ſeveral Pariſhes of Hopeall Saints, and Ongarſwick in Romney Marſh aforeſaid. Particulars whereof may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Houſe.

PUrſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of John Fowle, late of Dymchurch in Romney Marſh in the County of Kent, Gentleman, deceaſed, are to come in and prove their Debts before Thomas Bennett, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Houſe in Curſitor's Street, London, on or before the firſt Day of the next Michaelmas Term, otherwiſe they will be peremptorily excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

THE Creditors of John Pratt, late of the Town of Northampton, Wine Merchant, a Bankrupt, are deſired to meet at Twelve o'Clock on Wedneſday the 17th Day of this Inſtant Auguſt, at Hamlyn's Coffee Houſe near the Royal Exchange, London, on ſpecial Affairs.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued againſt John Hide and James Gregory, of London, Merchants and Partners, are deſired to meet the Aſſignees on Friday next, the 12th Day of Auguſt Inſtant, at Five of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Batſon's Coffee Houſe, Cornhill, in order to aſſent to or diſſent from the Aſſignees compounding, ſettling and adjuſting any Demands, Accounts, Dealings and Tranſactions between the ſaid Bankrupts, or either of them, and any of their Creditors or Debtors.

THE Executors of Francis Hughes, late of Burford in the County of Oxford, Mercer, deceaſed, hereby give Notice, that they are prepared to make a Dividend of the Eſtate and Effects of the Deceaſed, amounting to ſeven Shillings in the Pound amongſt his Creditors, who have ſent in an Account of their Demands. The London Creditors are to apply to Mr. Broome Witts, of Friday-ſtreet, London; and the other Creditors to Mr. William Stephens, of Kencott near Burford, Attorney at Law, to receive their reſpective Dividends.

PUrſuant to a Decree of the Court of Chancery for the County Palatine of Lancaſter, the Creditors of Samuel Lawſon, Clerk, deceaſed, are peremptorily required to come in and prove their Debts before Commiſſioners authorized by Virtue of a Commiſſion iſſued out of the ſaid Court for that Purpoſe, at the Houſe of John Dutton, known by the Name of the Old Coffee Houſe in Manchester in the ſaid County, on Tueſday the 30th Day of Auguſt Inſtant; or before the Regiſter of the ſaid Court, or his Deputy, on or before the 19th Day of September next, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree. The Commiſſioners will begin to execute the ſaid Commiſſion at the ſaid Houſe of the ſaid John Dutton, on the ſaid 30th Day of Auguſt Inſtant, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon of the ſame Day.

PUrſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Couſins of Philip Adams, late of the Pariſh of St. Giles without Cripplegate, London, Cutler, deceaſed, living in and about the Pariſhes of Great Swaffham and Little Swaffham, in the County of Cambridge, or the Repreſentatives of ſuch of them who dyed ſince the ſaid Philip Adams, are to come before Peter Holford, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Symond's Inn in Chancery Lane, London, and claim their Shares of the Reſidue of the perſonal Eſtate of the ſaid Philip Adams, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

PUrſuant to an Order made by the Right Hon. the Lord Keeper of the Great Seal of Great-Britain, for enlarging the Time for Thomas Billington, late of the Hamlet of Ratcliff, in the Pariſh of St. Dunſtan Stepney, in the County of Middleſex, Cabinet Maker, a Bankrupt, to make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects, for 49 Days, to be computed from the 6th Day of this Inſtant Auguſt; This is to give Notice, That the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, will meet on the 24th of September next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London; when and where the ſaid Bankrupt is required to ſurrender himſelf, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects, and finiſh his Examination; and the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, may then and there come and prove the ſame, and aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Charles Salmon, late of Nantwich, in the County of Cheſter, Cheeſefactor, intend to meet on the 8th Day of September next, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon, at the Houſe of Mr. Joſeph Jackſon, being the Sign of the King's Arms in Nantwich aforeſaid, in order to make a Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend.

Printed by *E. Owen* and *T. Harriſon* in *Warwick-Lane*. 1757.

The London Gazette
EXTRAORDINARY.

Published by Authority.

THURSDAY, *Auguſt* 11, 1757.

Whitehall, Auguſt 11, 1757.

On Tueſday laſt a Meſſenger arrived from his Royal Highneſs the Duke's Camp on the Weſer; and brought the following Relation of what paſs'd between his Royal Highneſs's Army and the French, from the 24th to the 26th paſt, incluſively.

Sunday July 24.

THE Enemy marching in three Columns, with Artillery, towards the Village of Latford, Major General Furſtenberg, who commanded the Out-Poſts in the Village, and in the Wood, ſent an Officer to inform his Royal Highneſs of it; who immediately reinforced thoſe Poſts with a Body of Troops under the Command of Lieutenant General Sporcke. His Royal Highneſs found it impoſſible to ſupport the Village, as it was commanded by the Heighths oppoſite to it, that were poſſeſſed by the Enemy; and withdrew his Poſt from Latford, having it always in his Power to retake it, from its Situation in a Bottom between two Hills.

The Enemy made two Attacks, one at the Point of the Wood, the other higher up in the ſame Wood, oppoſite to the Grenadiers commanded by Major General Hardenberg. They failed in both; and, tho' the Fire of their Artillery was very ſmart, they were obliged to retire. The French Army encamping on the Heighths oppoſite to the Duke of Cumberland's Poſts, together with the Accounts he had received, that M. d'Etrées had aſſembled all his Troops, and had with him a very conſiderable Train of Artillery, left his Royal Highneſs no Room to doubt of his Intentions of attacking him; his Royal Highneſs therefore determined to change his Situation, and take a more advantagious one, by drawing up his Army on the Heighth between the Weſer and the Woods, leaving the Hamelen River on his Right, the Village of Haſtenbeck in his Front, and his Left cloſe to the Wood; at the Point of which his Royal Highneſs had a Battery of 12 Pounders and Hauwitſers. There was a hollow Way from the left of the Village to the Battery, and a continual Moraſs on the other Side of Haſtenbeck to his Right. In the Evening his Royal Highneſs withdrew all his Out-Poſts; and in this Poſition the Army lay upon their Arms all Night. Major General Schulenberg, with the *Chaſſeurs* and two Battallions of Grenadiers, with ſome Cannon, was poſted in the Corner of the Wood upon the left of the Battery. His Royal Highneſs ordered the Village of Haſtenbeck to be cleared to his Front, that it might not be in the Power of the Enemy to keep Poſſeſſion of it; and the Communications we had made uſe of during our Encampment there, to be made impracticable. On the 25th in the Morning, the Enemy appeared marching in Columns, as if they intended to attack, and began to cannonade us very ſeverely, which laſted almoſt the whole Day. They marched and countermarched continually, and ſhewed as if they meant three Attacks, on our Right, Left, and Center. In the Evening their Artillery appeared much ſuperior to ours. The Army lay on their Arms all Night. His Royal Highneſs ordered the Battery at the Point of the Wood to be repaired; and reinforced Count Schulenberg's Command with a Battallion of Grenadiers, and two Pieces of 12 Pounders; and ſupported it by four more Battallions of Grenadiers, under Major General Hardenberg. His Royal Highneſs ordered a Battery to be made of 12 and 6 Pounders, (the firſt of which were ſent for from Hamelen) behind the Village of Haſtenbeck, and took all the Precautions he could think of, to give the Enemy a good Reception. As ſoon as it was Day-Light, his Royal Highneſs got on Horſeback to reconnoitre the Poſition of the Enemy, and found them in the ſame Situation as the Day before. At a little after Five, a very ſmart Cannonading began upon our Battery, behind the Village, that was ſupported by the Heſſian Infantry and Cavalry. Their Countenance and Steadineſs, in ſo ſevere a Fire, is hardly to be expreſſed or equalled. Between Seven and Eight the Firing of Small Arms began on our Left, when his Royal Highneſs ordered Major General Behr, with three Battallions of Brunſwick, to ſuſtain the Grenadiers in the Wood, if wanted. The Cannonading went on all the Time, rather augmenting than decreaſing; but it did not create the leaſt Diſorder in the Troops. There never was ſeen ſo much Firmneſs, though it laſted above ſix Hours, from firſt to laſt. The Fire of the Small Arms on the Left increaſed, and the Enemy ſeemed to gain Ground on us. His Royal Highneſs detached Colonels Dachenhauſen and Bredenbach, with three Hanoverian Battallions and ſix Squadrons, round the Wood by Afferde. The Grenadiers in the Wood, apprehenſive of being ſurrounded, from the great Force of the Enemy that appeared there, and were marching round on that Side, though they repulſed every Thing that appeared in their Front, thought it adviſeable to retire nearer the Left of the Army, which gave the Enemy an Opportunity of poſſeſſing themſelves of our Battery, without any Oppoſition. Here it was that the hereditary Prince of Brunſwick diſtinguiſhed himſelf at the Head of a Battallion of Wolfenbuttle Guards, and a Hanoverian Battallion, by attacking and repulſing, with his Bayonets, a ſuperior Force of the Enemy, and retaking the Battery. The Enemy being in Poſſeſſion of a Heighth, that commanded and flanked both our Lines of Infantry, and our Battery, which Attack they could ſupport under the Cover of a Hill, and his Royal Highneſs could not diſpute, without expoſing his Flank, both to their Artillery and Muſquetry; he ordered the Army to retreat, which was done in the greateſt Order,

[Price Two-pence Half-penny.]